

Alexandria

AND COMMERCIAL



Advertiser

INTELLIGENCER.

VOL. 11.]

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 17, 1862.

[No. 548.]

The subscriber having been appointed AUCTIONEER, and having given Bond and Security as the law directs—solicits a share of the public patronage; he has taken the Store belonging to Mr. Joseph Riddle, at the Corner of King and Union Streets, where he will be ready to receive GOODS for sale the beginning of next week.

THO. PATTEN.

September 17.

Public Sale.

On TUESDAY,

At ten o'clock, will be sold at the Vendue Store,

Rum in hogheads and barrels.

Whiskey in barrels,

Gin in casks and barrels,

Port wine in casks,

Molasses in hhd's.

Sugar in hhd's and bls.

White and brown soap in boxes,

Chocolate in boxes,

Coffee in tics and bags,

Raisins in kegs and boxes.

Queens Ware in crates, handsomely assorted,

ALSO,

A variety of DRY GOODS,

—AMONG WHICH ARE—

Superfine cloth and Kerfimeres,

Narrow Cloth, and Flannels,

Irish Linens, and Oznaburghs,

Sail duck of different qualities,

Chintzes and Calicoes,

Cambric and Cotton shawls,

India Muslin and Table Cloths,

Coloured threads and sewing silks,

Ribbons, Hats, and

A number of other articles.

P. G. MARSTELLER,

September 17. Vendue Master.

THE SUBSCRIBER

Intending to supply the market of Alexandria with the different kinds of FISH which the waters of the Potomac affords has prepared a Subscription Paper which will be open at the Coffee House for the space of 10 days from this date. Any gentleman desirous of being supplied with FISH may be furnished with the paper upon application to the manager of the C. House.

J. B. SMITH.

September 17. drot

FIRST NOTICE.

In the case of JOHN B. ARMSTEAD, a Bankrupt.

WHEREAS a Commission of Bankruptcy, founded upon the Act of Congress of the United States, passed on the 4th day of April, 1800, entitled "An Act to establish a uniform system of Bankruptcy" throughout the United States" has been awarded and issued against John B. Armstead of the county of Loudoun, merchant; and he being declared a Bankrupt, is hereby required to surrender himself to the Commissioners in the said Commission named, or a major part of them, on the 1st Wednesday in September next, and on the first and second Wednesdays in October following, at the house of Mr. Lacy, in the town of Middleburg (Loudoun County) at 12 o'clock on each day, and make a full discovery and disclosure of his estate and effects, when and where his creditors are to come prepared to prove their debts; at the second sitting to chuse assignees, and at the last sitting, the said Bankrupt is desired to finish his examination, and his creditors are to assent to, or dissent from the allowance of his certificate.

All persons indebted to the said Bankrupt, or that have any of his effects, are not to pay or deliver the same, but to whom the commissioners shall appoint.

BURR POWELL,

Secretary to the Commission.

Middleburg, August 14. (21) dzst

HAY in BUNDLES

Of about 200 pounds each, for sale by

Wm. HARTSHORNE.

9th mo 2d.

Just Published,
BY COTTON & STEWART,
AND FOR SALE,
A NEW NOVEL,
Entitled the
BEGGAR BOY;
(Price one Dollar.)

By THOMAS BELLAMY, late editor of the London Critical Reviews.

July 30.

R. & J. GRAY

Have for Sale, wholesale and retail, at their Book and Stationary Store, in King Street, between Royal and Fairfax streets, the following articles, on which a liberal deduction will be made to those who purchase to sell again:

Novels, Romances, &c.

THE Beggar Girl, a novel in three vols. by Mrs. Bennet; Devalcourt, by do. Girl of the Mountains, a novel in 2 vols. by Mrs. Parsons; St. Leon, or a Tale of the XVth Century, a novel in 2 vols. by Wm. Godwin; Children of the Abbey, a tale, 4 vols. bound in 2, by Regina Maria Roche, Vicar of Landown, 2 vols. in one by do. Maid of the Handkerchief, 2 vols. in one, by do. Nocturnal Visit, a novel, in 2 vols. by do. Spirit of the Castle, by William C. Proby, Vagabond, by George Walker, Mordant, by Dr. Moore, The Armenian, or Ghost of Seer, a history founded on facts, 2 vols. from the German of Schiller, Charlotte Temple, a Tale of Truth, by Mrs. Rowson, 2 vols. in one, Adventures of Gaudencia di Luca, the Abbess, a romance by W. H. Ireland, the avowed author of the Shakespeare papers, &c. &c. in 3 vols. the Fool of Quality, or the History of Henry Earl of Moreland, in 3 vols. by Mr. Brooke, Royal Captives, a Fragment of Secret History, by Ann Yearley, a Tale of the Times, a novel by the author of the Goliath's Story, in 2 vols.

Miscellanies.

Epitome of the History of Europe from the reign of Charlemagne to the beginning of the reign of George III. 8vo. Beauties of Nature delineated, or Philosophical and Pious Contemplations on the Works of Nature, and the Seasons of the Year, selected from Sturm's Reflections; Life and Writings of the late Dr. Benjamin Franklin, Papin's Parriery, Blossoms of Morality, Sandford and Merton, Constitutions of the United States with the latest amendments, to which are prefixed, the Declaration of Independence and the Federal Constitution with the amendments; Junius's Letters, complete in one vol. with a copious index; Letters of Themistocles, with an appendix, containing a Character of Dr. Franklin, and Remarks on his Life, written by himself; Vocal Medley, a new Collection of fashionable, modern Songs; American Songster; Patriotic Medley; Watts's Plains and Hymns; Methodist Hymns and Spiritual Songs; Newton's Olney Hymns; Common Prayer Books in plain and Morocco binding.

School Books.

Bibles, Testaments, Scott's Lessons, Murray's English Reader; Introduction to the English Reader; Sequel to do. Young Gentlemen and Ladies' Monitor; Entick's Dictionary; Plater's, Columbian Orator; Webster's Institutes, containing his spelling Book, or first part, Grammar or 2d part, and Selection in Reading, or 3d part; Dilworth's Spelling Book; Columbian do. Child's Guide; American Primer; Columbian do. Dr. Lowth's English Grammar; Alke's Introduction to do. Philadelphia Latin do. Clark's Introduction to Latin; Mair's do. do. Clarke's Erasmus; do. Corderi; Rudiman's Rudiments of the Latin Language; American Tutor's Assistant, Dilworth's Schoolmaster's do. Mrs. Barbauld's Lessons and Hymns for Children; Juvenile Magazine to be continued monthly.

Chap Books.

Prompter; Aladdin, or the Wonderful Lamp, Mother Goose's Tales; Trojan War, Gulliver Reviv'd; Laugh and be Fat; Hocus Focus; Divine Emblems; Letter Writer; Spanish Rogues; Religious Courtship; Conquest of Mexico; Buck's Companion; Youthful Jester's Cheap Repository.

Stationary.

Lead Inkstands with glass holders; Pocket do. Morocco Pocket Books assorted; Playing Cards; red and black Inkpowder; Wafers by the pound or oz. Letter Paper of different qualities; Foolscap writing paper; Quills and Slates, lead and slate Pencils; and a general assortment of

Blank Books,

consisting of Ledgers, Journals, Day Books, Invoices, Waste and Cash Books, Cyphering and Copy Books; Copper plate Copy Lines large and small hand.

Bookbinding.

Of every description, executed with neatness and dispatch. Merchants' account books ruled and bound to any pattern at the shortest notice.

April 20.

Clean linen and cotton

rags bought at this office.

10 Pipes 4th Proof Brandy,
20 Hhds. Brown Sugar, (1st quality)
20 Puncheons Jamaica and Grenada Rum,
10 Bales Cotton,
20 Quarter Calks, F & FF English Gunpowder,
50 Bags Pearl Barley,
1000lb. Fine Ground Ginger,
FOR SALE, BY
R. B. JAMESON.



THE SCHOONER

Enterprise,

For New York, will

fail in all next week;

for freight or passage apply as above, or to capt.

MITCHELL.

September 11.

For Boston & Salem,



The sloop

MARY & SALLY;

JACOB ORCUTT, Master.

For freight or passage apply to

JOHN G. LADD.

Who has for sale,

Beerboom Gurrahs,
Bandanna Handkerchiefs,
Nankeens,
Hyson, Hysonskin, and Sen-hong Teas,
Russia Sheetings, Russia and Ravens Duck,
Cordage, West India and N. E. Rum,
A small quantity of very excellent Cheese.
September 14.

Lands in Kentucky.

To be sold by Public Sale at the Tontine Coffee-Room, New York, on the 2d day of December next, at 12 o'clock, noon.

Eleven thousand acres of land in one or more lots; laying in the county of Fayette, state of Kentucky about 30 miles from Lexington and Frankfort, 20 miles south east of the Ohio River and adjacent to the public road between the two Maima Rivers and several rising settlements. The soil generally good, well watered and timber of various descriptions.

These lands within 15 miles of Main Leeking and Kentucky rivers, both navigable two to three hundred miles above the extremity of the lands.

To be sold at the same time and place as the above, another TRACT of LAND of nine thousand acres, in one or more lots, in the county of Fayette, state of Kentucky, nearly the same distance from Lexington, Frankfort and the Ohio Rivers, as the foregoing tract, and lays between the former and Main Leeking river, distant from the latter only a few miles.

The soil is in general good, well watered and timber of different kinds, and as the former tract, in the neighborhood of the settled parts of Kentucky, and opposite a Jersey settlement. The grants by Edmund Randolph, Esq. in 1787 and 1788, and the title deeds are clear and indisputable.

As these lands are to be disposed of for behalf of creditors, they will be positively sold to the highest bidder, for approved notes at two and three months.

Capt. Fowler or Mr. James Masterfon of Lexington; Mr. George Brook, Clerk of Woodford county; or major John Lee near Frankfort will point out the lands. For further information and an accurate plan of the lands, apply to John & Charles Wilkes Esqrs. or Lewis Simond Esq. New York, or to Mr. Brown, Dumfries, Virginia.

July 30.

JUST RECEIVED,
Fresh Limes and Oranges,
TAMARINDS,
Excellent Cyder VINEGAR for
Pickles.

THO. SIMMS.

August 28.

Cash given for rags.

Public Sale.

On TUESDAY next will positively be sold, at the VENDUE STORE,

1 Pair elegant plated Urns.

1 do. Butter Boats,

1 Bread Basket, silver rim,

1 Fish Knife,

1 pair large Silver Candlesticks,

2 do. small do.

1 set Bed Curtains,

2 Window Curtains, silver Table

and Tea Spoons, &c.

P. G. MARSTELLER.

Sept. 16.

Public Sale.

On Tuesday the 21st inst. at 4 o'clock in the afternoon will positively be sold on the premises,

The convenient two story
BRICK HOUSE & LOT,
On Cameron Street the property of Mr. Van Havre.

Also, a two story

FRAME HOUSE,

On Washington Street & several handsome BUILDING LOTS on Cameron and Washington streets. Terms of purchase will be made known previous to the sale.

P. G. MARSTELLER,

Sept. 15.

Vendue Master.

Public Sale.

On the 1st day of October next will be sold on the premises at a credit of 60 days for negotiable notes with approved indorsers or bills on London or White Haven at 120 days sight—the following valuable property.

One lot of ground bounded and lying on Union Street 54 feet 10 1/2 inches to the north of King Street and running thence northerly with Union Street 21 feet 1 1/2 inches to Fayette Street thence with the line of that street 70 feet.

One lot of ground lying upon Union Street 126 feet to the north of King Street and running thence northerly Union Street 46 feet 6 inches thence eastwardly with a line parallel King Street 70 feet.

P. G. MARSTELLER,

Sept. 13.

Vendue Master.

By virtue of a Deed of Trust from George Coryell, to the Subscriber, on Friday the 8th of October, at 4 o'clock, will be exposed to sale, on the premises,

A two story Frame HOUSE, situate on the north-east corner of Duke and Union streets, with a lease of 7 years and 5 months of the lot on which said House is built, subject to a ground rent of 121. per annum.

Also, an annual ground rent of twenty p. unds.

JAMES KEITH, jur.

Sept. 16. d191.

ADVERTISEMENT.

By virtue of a deed of trust from William Bulshy to the Subscribers, in behalf of William Sloggett, will be exposed to sale, upon the premises, on Monday, the 20th day of September,

TWO LOTS OF GROUND,
ONE the corner Lot of Duke and Royal Streets, forty-six and a half feet on Duke Street, and seventy-four feet on Royal Street. The other Lot beginning north side of the house occupied by the Rev. James Muir, twenty-three feet front on Royal Street, and back to a line parallel with the west side of the Methodist meeting house. The terms to be made known on the day of sale.

WILLIAM CARNE,

CHARLES SLADE.

September 8.

Just Received
From NORFOLK, fresh
LIMES & ORANGES.

Also, on hand—

A QUANTITY OF

CYDER VINEGAR.

THOMAS SIMMS.

Sept. 16.

[CONTINUED.]

In this work Mr. Gallitin referred to my report of the 17th of May, 1796, before recited, and commended thereon, in the following manner: "It would seem, that if those appropriations, namely the appropriations for the military establishment, are considered by the treasury department, as general grants, to be filged according to exigencies; that, or some other executive department, is to judge; and if, therefore, the monies *specifically* appropriated to one head of service are applied to another head, they are not applied, and accounted for pursuant, but *contrary to law*. Such a mode is undoubtedly liable to great *abuses*; it *deceives the Legislature*, who, when appropriating one hundred thousand dollars for the defensive protection of the frontiers did not think that the treasury would assume a power to apply them to the quartermaster, or any other department; it *deprives the Legislature of any controul* not only over the the distribution of monies amongst the several heads of service but *even over the total sum to be expended.*"

The necessity of the measure may, in the mind of the executive, have superceded every other consideration; the popularity of the transaction may have thrown a veil over its illegality; but it should by no means be drawn hereafter as a precedent."

On the ninth of December, 1796, *during the first week of the session of congress*, I transmitted four statements, exhibiting the appropriations and expenditures for the war department, from the establishment of the government to the close of the year 1795. These statements were prepared in obedience to the resolution moved by Mr. Gallatin on the first of June, 1796, and before recited. A laborious revision of all the accounts had been found necessary, and several clerks in the offices of the register of the treasury and accountant of the war department, had been employed on this business, during nearly the whole recess of congress. These statements, with explanatory observations by the officers, were printed for the use of congress, and they fully confirmed the representation in the reports of February 25th, 1795, and 17th of May, 1796.

On the 16th of December, 1796, a committee of ways and means, consisting of sixteen members was appointed; it was the duty of this committee "to enquire into the state of the public debt, of the revenue, and of the *expenditures*, and to report from time to time their opinion thereon." Mr. Gallatin was one of this committee; he had just published a volume, in which the practice of the treasury had been represented as illegal; three distinct reports had placed the controverted question completely in the view of the legislature; yet notwithstanding these circumstances, the appropriations were made according to established precedents; and no intimation was given that the legislature considered the construction of the treasury as illegal, or, in any manner improper.

On the 28th of March, 1798, the house of representatives resolved, "That the secretary of war be directed to lay before the house a statement, *in detail*, of the expenditure and application of the monies appropriated by law for the subsistence of the army, and for the quarter master department; the Indian department; bounties; the defensive protection of the frontiers, and all the contingent expences of the war department for the year 1797, from which have resulted the deficiencies, by him stated, in his estimate of the 29th of January last, to the amount of the two respective sums of one hundred and fourteen thousand one hundred and sixty five dollars and ninety five cents, and fifty thousand dollars—that he include, in the said statement, an estimate of the number of rations, which have been issued during the same year, at the several posts and garrisons respectively; and that he also arrange, under a number of general heads, the different expenditures incurred in the quarter master department, Indian department, and for contingent expences of the war department respectively."

[To be Continued.]

NEW-YORK, Sept. 14.

The probable dismemberment of Turkey, & its subsequent partition between France, Austria, Russia and Prussia, is said, in one of our latest London papers to be confidently believed; and the conferences at Memel, which we have already mentioned to have taken place between the monarchs of Prussia and Russia, are asserted by many to have had this for their object. Private letters from Berlin even go so far as to communicate some outlines of the plan. According to them, Pashaw Oglou, whose progress becomes every day more alarming, furnishes to the Emperors of Russia & Germany the first pretext for taking up arms. War being once declared, Austria and Russia, it is said, will take possession of such provinces as are contiguous to their respective dominions. The French will have Egypt, the Isle of Candia or Cyprus, and the Morea; and the King of Prussia, to balance the acquisitions of Austria and Russia, is to have a very considerable part of the former kingdom of Poland, which is to be ceded to him by the above powers.

Entered, ship Favorite, Mackey, Jamaica; brigs Orion, Hedgar, Sligo, Ire. and; Mary, Miller, Amsterdam; schrs. Harriot, —, Peterburgh; Dorothy, Shepperd, do. Grand Tiger, Pearson, do. Dispatch, Jones, Curracoa; Polly, Gain, Edenton, N. C. Wealthy, Conner, Virginia; sloops Clarence, Matts, New Providence; Jefferson, Sutherland, N. Carolina; Jane, Lupper, Jamaica.

Cleared, ship General Mercer, Moores,
Liverpool; brig Peggy, Ferry, Cape
Francois.

Arrived since our last,
Brig Mary, Miller, from Amsterdam.
August 24, lat. 40, 34, long. 57, ship.

August 29th, in lat. 31, 42, N. long. 74, spoke schr. Inglis, from N. York, bound to Cuba. Sept. 1, in lat. 36, 27, N. long. 72, 10, spoke schr. Industry, of Norfolk, bound to Port Republican, out 4 days. Sept. 8, in lat. 58, 25, spoke schr. Hiram, Rusfel, of New York.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 15.

By captain Singleton of the Liberty, arrived at the Lazaretto, we learn, that while he was at Alicant, certain accounts were received of two Tripolitans being off Cape Palos. Capt. S. was chased by one of them 20 hours.

Captain Singleton of the Liberty, arrived at the Lazaretto, from Leghorn, left there, the ship Hetty, not discharged. Sailed in company with the Tiger, Hamilton, of and for Baltimore. Left at Alican, the brig Sally,ERRY, Thomas Pincney, of New York. The 14th of July arrived at Alican, a Swedish frigate having under convoy 5 American vessels and was to sail again in two weeks. The brig Sophia and three other Americans had been in the convoy, and seperated off Alican. Spoke the brig Syren, Patterson, 14 days out, from Philadelphia for Leghorn.

Arrived, ship Active, Delano, Peterf-
burg; brig Hero, Stockton, St. Johns.

Came up from the Lazaretto,
Brig Favorite, Drewis, Trinidad.
Cleared, brig Lovely Lacy, Brevoor,
P. Republican.

Capt. Turner, of the brig George, from the West End of St. Croix, informs, that he left there, the brigs Jane, Portland, to sail in 8 days; Ceres, N. York.

Aug. 14, spoke sloop, ———, from N. Carolina to C. Francois. Aug. 20, spoke schooner ———, 13 days from R. Island to Jamaica. Aug. 26, f.h. ———, from St. Thomas, for Norfolk.

Ship Devotion, Waters, of and for Philadelphia, with Dutch passengers; and ship Neptune, Jeffries, of do. from Batavia--were to sail from the Texel about the 10th of August.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 15.

Arrived, sch. Evelina, Capt. Holmes,
10 days from Port Republic.

Vessels left there the 17th August:
 Ship Dispatch, —, of Philadelphia,
 time of sailing uncertain; brig Lear,
 Smith, of Baltimore, to sail in a few days;
 Sally, Travers, of do. uncertain; sch'r
 Eleanor, Ring, Baltimore, do. flour dull,
 at 9 dollars per barrel, pork 24, beef 18,
 but on the fall, from the quantity just
 arrived.

Alexandria Advertiser.

FRIDAY SEPTEMBER 17.

NATSAU. (N. P.) Aug. 18.

On Monday arrived off the Bar, the American brig Warren, capt. Eddy, 5 days from Cape Francois—Capt. E. informed us that 8000 troops and 5 sail of men of war, have arrived at the Cape on the 3d inst. that the day after their arrival the negroes, headed by Touffaints sons who had joined them, stormed a fort not far from the Cape, and killed every Frenchman in it. The Evening previous to Capt. E.'s sailing an engagement took place so near the town that the report of the guns was distinctly heard by the people on board the vessels in the harbor. The event was not known. The French troops continued very sickly—particularly those last arrived from France.

Provisions were very low at the Cape; our fold fold so low as 4 dollars per barrel.

A Liverpool Price Current of the 5th
of July, contains the following remarks :
OF SUGAR & COFFEE.

The latest advices from the continent of Europe speaks most favorably of the state of the markets there, but prices continue low, and as yet there is but very little encouragement for making any shipments to that quarter, the demand therefore for exportation continues very limited; that for home consumption is pretty brisk, particularly for such as is of good and fine qualities.

The stock of Coffee in this market is not small, and there has been a fair demand for the article for these last ten days,

at prices rather higher than our last quotations, and although these are high for prices during peace, yet we do not look for any reduction for some time to come. For Java there are no enquiries.

OF COTTON.

Notwithstanding very considerable arrivals of both Sea Island and Bowd Georgia cotton have taken place, the first description has not been reduced in price, and the latter has further advanced. During the course of last month, we compute that no less than 15,000 packages of cotton of different sorts have been sold, a quantity exceeding that of any former in our recollection. The demand, however, for these four days has abated, but we do not look for any material alteration soon. About 4000 bags have arrived direct from New Orleans within this last month, the quality of which is much inferior to that which came from thence during the last year.

OF FLOUR & GRAIN.

From about the 15th to the 22d ult. there was a brisk demand for Grain and Flour, at prices rather higher than our last quotations; but the orders for exportation are now nearly withdrawn, and the demand from the interior of the kingdom has considerably abated. These articles therefore, at this time meet a dull sale we do not look for any material variation in the prices at present, unless the weather should prove unfavorable for ripening the crops now on the ground, in which case, an advance is likely to take place.

Mister Deane has appointed himself
 "O gan of the people." Did the people
 tell him to publish a long essay to prove
 (what they very well know) that brown su-
 gar, bohea tea, & salt, remain taxed, & to
 omit laying any thing about the *refusal* of
 the present administration to take off those
 oppressive, odious taxes? Did the people
 tell him to sell a large quantity of paper
 to government at an advanced price? Did
 the people tell him to shoot Washington
 if he could get an opportunity? Did the
 people tell him to go at midnight to the
 Treasury office, take the books, and pub-
 lish *false* statements therefrom? Did the
 people tell him to abuse Mr. Burr whom
 they have appointed Vice President? Did
 the people tell him to stick to Mr. Jefferson
 through thick and thin? Did the peo-
 ple tell him that the President was at li-
 berty, to do with their money as he pleas-
 ed? Did the people tell him that it was
 perfectly right for the executive officers to
 procure an increase of their salaries? &c.

ONE OF THE PEOPLE.
Gaz. U. States.

*A full exposition of the Clintonian faction
and the Society of the
COLUMBIAN ILLUMINATI, &c.
BY JOHN WOOD.*

The contents of the pamphlet are in strict conformity with this title page. Wood has redeemed the pledge he gave to the public, and fully exposed the artful machinations of ambitious men, who in order to accomplish their inordinate projects of aggrandizement, and their designs against the freedom of the country, and to collect every ray of power, weight, and influence in the state into the final focus of their own private views, have had recourse to practices, such as in strict justice ought to disfranchise any citizen who aided them, and to expel them such as in the sense of strict honor, must forever degrade and discredit them. It appears they have not troubled to enlist under their banners, all who democratic fraud and artifice, all whom misrepresentation, open falsehood, calumny, and preposterous promises operating upon unwary ignorance, could make factitious, turbulent and malignant at home; as well as all the flagitious fugitives, whom murder, rape, robbery, and rebellion have driven from distant countries to take sanctuary here from the dungeon or the gibbet—a herd of incendiaries whom the regular justice of the laws, and the wild justice of the mobs of Europe have contended to chase away from their shores.

After having in a perspicuous manner, and with a spirit of candour, which does him credit, successfully elucidated those vile proceedings, Mr. Wood adverts to a subject which is duly revolved, and examined, in all its bearings, its fundamental principles, its original causes, and its probable consequences, will be found of more awful import, more alarming magnitude, and more dangerous tendency, than (since the Revolution) it has fallen to the share of this country to encounter.—A subject pregnant with practical mischief, and conceived in as pure unmix'd abstract wickedness, vice & impiety as ever emanated from the arch-triplet of evil himself in his bitterest malignity to mankind.—‘The schemes of a Society denominated by themselves, in a sort of courtesy Theists, by Mr. Wood, Columbian Illuminati, but by plain truth Infidels.

It cannot be too frequently repeated to the people of this country, that the stupendous mass of mischief, which under the name of Jacobinism, within the last twelve years desolated civilized Europe, had its roots in infidelity, called (in our opinion very properly) Deism or Theism. It set out with the denial of Christ and ended by impunity in the denial

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Gold: Hand in hand with it, went subse-
quent lawful authority, which after running
course of bloodshed, destruction of property
the overthrow of all civil and religious estab-
lishments, at last came to its goal (according
the natural succession of cause and conse-
quence) in the most atrocious despotism, and in
the most frightful depravation of morals and
manners. Just the same game is now playing in
this country and will continue to the same
end, if means are not taken to prevent it. It is a
confidence to say that we are a free people,
it cannot be so practised upon. The animated
zeal, the heroic patriotism, the universal un-
guessed piety, and the pure and inflexible virtue
of Switzerland, little availed her against artifices
she did not suspect, against excesses to which she
looked only with contemptuous toleration, and
which plots, conspiracies and conspirators, to
such an over-weening confidence in her
own strength, afforded impunity. Had the in-
dustry time stopped the proceedings of her Jaco-
bin Illuminati, she would not be at this day lan-
guishing for her lost liberties, and withering un-
der the all consuming baleful shade of French
meditation. Let America profit by her example
she does not deserve slavery.

They have not read of the decline and
fall of the Roman Empire, who will suspect
the author of great partiality for the cause
of religion, yet Mr. Gibbon in a letter
to Lord Suffolk, written in the year 1750
from Switzerland where he then resided,
resents the frightful alteration which
French intercourse had made in that coun-
try, and says, "I have sometimes tho't
of writing a dialogue of the dead, in
which Lucian, Erasmus, and Voltaire
should mutually acknowledge the dan-
ger of exposing an old superstition to
the contempt of the blind and fanatic
"multitude." In the same letter he says,
"I subscribe my assent to Mr. Burke's
creed on the Revolution of France; I ad-
mire his eloquence; I approve his politics;
I adore his chivalry; and I can almost
forgive his reverence for church establish-
ments." Thus he who could only bring
himself to almost forgive Burke's reverence
for church establishments out of compliment
to his general principles, disapproves be-
cause he recognizes the danger of exposing
even an old superstition to the contempt of
the blind and fanatic multitude. So much
for the authority of opinion. Having pre-
mised this, we proceed to lay before our
readers an abstract of Mr. Wood's state-
ment.

He alleges that for three years past
there has existed in New York a secret
society, grafted upon and in all shapes re-
sembling the sects of Illuminati to which
Abbe Barruel and Professor Robinson have
attributed all the disasters which have
befallen the nations of Europe. After
mentioning the Illuminatis in Europe he
proceeds—

"The society in New York, which
I am about to describe, was in fact a society
of this nature, erected in rebellion to the
RELIGIOUS acts of the state. This will
be proved from their constitution, and the
confession of several of the members. It
was a society fraught with the blackest
intentions, to overturn the divine revela-
tion, and to raise the hand of opposition
against the opinion of every christian.—
Their scheme was not confined to the state
of New York, but following the example
of the Illuminati in Europe, it will be
seen from the ninth article of their printed
constitution, that they had corresponding
committees, to propagate their new philo-
sophy throughout the world."

Again—
"The origin of this society was, how-
ever, more systematical than either the
Tellers of Switzerland, or any other per-
haps of the description which has been
established. It arose upon the ruins of
the celebrated democratic society of New
York, in the same manner as the Illumi-
nati originated from the remarkable lodge
of the Electric Masonry, at Munich, called
the Theodore of good council; it was
composed of the scattered dregs of the
Jacobin infidels, who covered the demo-
cratic society with disgrace, and shed a
degree of odium upon the pure doctrine of
republicanism, which the efforts of the
virtuous patriot will not for years wipe
away; it issued from the tomb of its fallen
parent, like a foul spectre, blotched with
crimes, gaping with vengeance, and eager
to drag the weak and unsuspecting mind
into the abyss of eternal torment. As the
graceless son of a graceful family, most
frequently exerts all his ingenuity to
complete the infamy of a ruined reputa-
tion, so the members of the Theistical
society meditated upon every scheme to
add the last reproach to their characters,
already broken and despised. The im-
ported scum of the Edinburgh convention,
and the refuse of the banished rebels of
Ireland, joined also their hearts and hands
with the infidels of New York, in plan-
ning this society. It was in short a

combination of treachery, of indigence,
of frenzy, intemperance and every species
of polluted baseness, for the purpose of
combating religion, virtue and wisdom.
Among such a motly crew, one might
suppose their resolutions would be marked
with folly and ignorance; but this was
not the case; for although all the devils
which issued from Pandora's box, may be
supposed to have had a voice in their
decrees; yet it is to be remembered, that
each of them had been previously exercised
for several years in similar schemes, and
therefore knew how to gloss the blackest
villany under the specious veil of morality.
They were no novices in this respect;
they were not strangers to the art of
cunning or deceit. They were well ac-
quainted both how to make, and lay their
traps, so as to be invisible to any eye, not
tinged with suspicion. Like felonious
robbers, they associated with, feigned and
cultivated the habits of industry and
religion during the day, that they might
with more security in their nightly cabals,
mangle the divine revelation into a ban-
quet of pleasure, and season the works of
the Fathers, with the seeds of Epicurean
philosophy. All their intercourse, all their
actions and dealings were infectious.—
They were the hidden instruments of vice
and torment; like poisonous plants, cor-
rupting all about them."

Mr. Wood then acknowledges that to
this general description there are some ex-
ception of well-meaning men, deluded by
the artful, specious logic of their friends—

"But these well meaning members were
kept apart, as will be proved, from the
ring-leaders—they were totally unac-
quainted with their schemes—they imag-
ined nothing was transacted but in their
presence—they had no idea that there were
different grades in the society—they were
ignorant of the diabolical plans which were
daily forming by the directors—they knew
nothing about the proceeding of secret
committees—they imagined there were
none superior in knowledge or rank to
themselves. Like honest simpletons, they
thought all which they saw and heard was
for the public good. They, therefore,
made no secret of communicating what they
knew to their friends and acquaintances,
they rather exhorted them to become
members of the charitable institution, to
partake of its blessings, to & be enlighten-
ed by the influence of its doctrines."

(To be continued.)

N. Y. Ev. Post.

London, July 17.

It is with extreme regret we learn, that
the English interest at Constantinople is
evidently on the decline, while that of the
French daily receives the most decided
preference. All Frenchmen there experi-
ence the greatest marks of distinction and
esteem from the Captain Pacha; and dif-
ferent Europeans in the service of the
Porte, as Swedish ship builders, the gar-
dener of the Seraglio, &c, have been dis-
missed, to make room for artificers from
the Republic. This partiality is of such
consequence to us in a political and com-
mercial point of view, that to offer any
reflections upon its consequences would be
an insult to the understanding of our read-
ers. When the same Noble Lord who is
officially employed at the Ottoman Porte,
was entrusted with the interests of this
country at the court of Berlin, they shared
a similar fate!

The French frigate La Justice, taken
by the Turks at Alexandria, has been fit-
ted out in the most magnificent style, and
lies at anchor before one of the palaces of
the Sultan, in the Canal. It is even rum-
ored that she is about to be restored to the
French.

The public has for some time been ac-
quainted with the loss of the Prince, the
extra ship which was carried into the Mau-
ritius. The following particulars may
be relied on. She sailed from Madras in
October last, with 500 prisoners on board
under convoy of the Suffolk, of 74 guns,
Capt. Clarke, commander, who died three
weeks after leaving that port. In ten
degrees of South latitude, one evening, the
crew being aloft reefing top sails, the pri-
soners, each having a billet of wood con-
cealed under their jackets, came upon deck
and having distributed themselves accord-
ing to the previous arrangement of their
plot, succeeded in securing the ship's peo-
ple without bloodshed. They got posses-
sion of the signal book, and which is sin-
gular, remained two days in company of
the Suffolk, regularly answering signals,
until they were able to make off unde-
scribed in a squall, and safely reached the
Mauritius.

The following curious circumstance is
transmitted to us as a fact:—A farmer
on Thursday attended at Penzance mar-
ket, for the third time, with a bushel of
potatoes, for which he could not find a
purchaser. At length, his patience being
exhausted, he swore that rather than carry
them back, he would sell them for a pinch
of snuff. A person present immediately
accepted the bargain, and received the po-
tatoes. A year since, the same measure
of this root was sold for 26s.

Prince Subow has fought one of his du-
els at Carlsbad, with M. Giebout:—One
of the parties is said to have been kil-
led.

The Elector of Mayence is to have Ra-
tibus for his residence. He will also have
the Bishoprick of that city, several small
prelatures, and the Bailliage of Schaff-
burg, besides a million and half of florins
annually, from other states of the Empire.

A letter from Madras says, "His
Highness Azeemul Dowlah, the Nabob of
the Carnatic, has sent home four letters,
addressed to the chairman of the East In-
dia Company, the prince of Wales, the
Marquis Cornwallis, and Lord Hobart.—
His Highness also shipped two boxes, ad-
dressed to the King, and one to the Prince
of Wales.

Accounts from Dresden state, that the
Count of Saxe is the person who has been
killed in a duel by Prince Subow.

July 18.

General Richepanse has transmitted an-
other official dispatch from Guadaloupe,
dated the 29th May, in which he gives
an account of the complete extinction of
the insurrection in that island. After re-
capitulating all the operations of the expe-
dition under his command to May 25,
continues his narrative, from which it ap-
pears that this victory was dearly bought
on the part of the French. He enters up-
on a detail of the different actions, and
states as the result of the operations, that
the blacks were driven in on all sides to a
plantation called Auglemont, where three
hundred blew themselves up in the Man-
sion house, which seems to have been one of
their depots, and the few that survived the
explosion were put to the sword. The
French troops are stated to have lost on
this occasion the advanced posts of two of
their columns. The general, in conclud-
ing his dispatch, observes, "This last af-
fair has destroyed the insurrection in its
source; the chiefs are dead, and the fol-
lowers, disarmed, have submitted and re-
sumed their accustomed labors. The white
soldiers, who were unable to quit the island
were at the time of our arrival collected
in Fort St. Charles. The execution of
the plan laid for blowing them up, and
which was on the point of being carried
into effect, failed in consequence of the
promptitude with which our troops pur-
sued the enemy on the evacuation of the
fort."

Some accounts last night reached town,
relative to the fate of the 14th. They
agree in stating that it was dull, inanimate
and scarcely worthy of notice. The pa-
rade alone was conducted with some degree
of military pomp, and the number of troops
was so great, that the cavalry were com-
pelled to remain upon the Place de Carou-
sal, which had been cleared away for the
purpose, whilst the infantry filled the space
between the palace and the iron railing
which separates the court yard from the
palace.

The newly incorporated Mamelukes,
about 150 in number, richly dressed in
Turkish habits, and well mounted, made
their first public appearance on the parade.
Bonaparte seemed much pleased with them.
Deputies from all the corps presented
themselves, and to many new regiments
were given new colours. They were all,
however, to meet at Versailles, for the
purpose of assisting at the grand dinner
which the consul intended to give them in
the great gallery of the palace. Madame
Bonaparte returned to Paris from Plombiers
on the 12th. The theatres were all opened
to the public gratis, on the evening pre-
ceding the festival; and when the accounts
came away, preparations were making for
a general illumination, and a concert in
the garden of the Thuilleries. No tickets
were delivered for the gallery of the
palace.

We learn that the pirate Egee, who
some time since made his escape after his
capture in the Persian Gulph, has been re-
taken in the hill country of Keram, is
about to be brought down in chains to
Guzerat.

The man who was lately bound to keep
the peace for threatening to cut off his

wife's head, protested that he only wished
to make her a good woman!

The intelligence from the hop market is
of a disagreeable kind. The plantations
in Kent are daily becoming worse; the
vermin have appeared in great numbers:
in several grounds the plants are turning
black and in a state of decay. On Thurs-
day bets were offered at Canterbury a-
gainst 45,000l. old duty. The last prices
are,—bags 5l. 5s. very fine 6l. 10s. su-
perfine East Kents 7l. 7s.

M'CARA and FRIDGE

Have just opened a WHOLESALE STORE
in King Street, opposite SNOWDEN'S
PRINTING OFFICE, where they have a
large and general Assortment of MER-
CHANDIZE, which they will sell low
for Cash or approved Notes, at 60 days;
—CONSISTING OF—

Coarse and fine cloths, coat-
ings, blankets, flannels, corduroys, thickets,
fustians, calimancoes, checks, British muslins of
every description, silk handkerchiefs, ribbons,
pelong sattins, romals, policates, thread laces
and edgings, cottons and chinizes, shawls,
fancy pocket handkerchiefs, dimities, Irish lincins,
brown Holland, t. ilonets, cotton hosiery, sewing
silks, table cloths; threads, white and coloured,
by the pound or package; hats in cases assorted
knives and forks, scissars, &c. &c. &c.
They will receive a further supply of GOODS
by the early Fall vessels.

To LET, the House in King-
Street lately occupied by Mr. McCulloch—
Apply as above.
Sept. 17. eozm.

BENJAMIN SHREVE, jun-
Has for Sale at his Store, corner of Prince
and Union streets,

Molasses in hhds. and barrels,
Sugar in barrels,
Coffee and Pepper, in bags.
Hysonskin and Souchong Tea,
Leeper's snuff, in half barrels and kegs
assorted,
Raisins, in kegs and boxes,
West India and New England Rum,
Whisky and Apple Brandy,
Madeira and Malaga Wines,
Mens' Furr Hats, in boxes,
India Cotton and Ravens Duck,
Soul Leather and Tanner's Oil, and a few
pieces handsome furniture, consisting of two
elegant Cabinets and Book Cases, one Side-
board, Ladies' Secretaries, Bureau's, Wash Stands,
Chairs, &c. &c.
N. B. He gives Cash for Flax-Seed.
Sept. 17. cof.

JUST RECEIVED,

And for Sale by the subscribers at the cor-
ner of Prince and Water Streets.

New-England Rum in barrels, best
Boston Bay Mackerell, pickled Salmon,
Whale Oil, mould and dipr Candles, brown
Soap, Allum Salt, Allum Ground, ditto,
fine, do. three boxes Tumblers, 2 hhds.
Allum, 1 case fashionable men's Hats, a
few casks Bordeaux Claret, Grindstones,
Rhode Island Lime, best manufactured
Richmond Tobacco, and a general assort-
ment of Ladies and Gentlemen's Shoes.

JOSIAH FAXON, & Co.

September 8. eozw

CARVING, GILDING, and VARNISHING.

Mrs. RACHEL ATKINS,

(From Philadelphia)

In PRINCE-STREET, between Fairfax
and Water Streets, next door to Dr
Dick's in the house lately occupied by
Grove Wright;

Respectfully informs the citizens of
Alexandria that she intends residing here
for a few months, and will be happy in
executing any orders in the above branch-
es of business. She regilds and varnishes
old frames so as to make them appear like
new—and likewise varnishes them with a
particular kind of varnish that will bear
washing.

She has on hand,

A large and elegant assortment of
Prints and Looking-Glasses
of every description, which will be sold
on the lowest terms for cash.

Orders from a distance will be punctu-
ally attended to.

September 3. eo

GUNPOWDER.

Baltimore Bellona Gunpowder,
by the quarter cask. Also,

Refined Salt Petre, by the quar-
ter cwt. or larger quantity. A constant
supply of those articles from the Manufac-
tory, will be kept for sale on the lowest
terms, by

LAWRASON & SMOOT.

April 8. eozm

ADVERTISEMENT.

JOSEPH DABELL, FARRIER,
 B^{ESS} leave to inform his friends and the public in general, that he intends to carry on the business of a FARRIER in all its branches, and hopes, by his abilities in curing all Disorders generally attending Horses, Mules or Cattle, to give general satisfaction to all those who may honor him with their commands; being regularly bred to this business in Europe. Horses nicked, cropped and docked in the neatest manner and with the greatest dispatch. Apply to Mr. Mosey's tavern, sign of the Eagle.
 N. B. Horses trimmed in the neatest manner and brought to the saddle and to the harness.

Just Received
 From NORFOLK, fresh
LIMES & ORANGES,
 And a few excellent SMITHFIELD HAMS,
 best JAR RAISINS, and CHEESE, of an
 excellent quality.
A. WILLIS.
 Sept. 15.

NOTICE.

I will be obliged to such of the subscribers in the Little River Turnpike Company as intend furnishing me with their Proxies to vote at the ensuing election for President and Directors, &c. to leave them at the Counting House of Ricketts, Newton & Co. on Saturday next at furthest, as I mean to set out for Leesburgh on the following Sunday. Those not satisfied with the nomination of President, Directors and a Treasurer, at the late meeting of a part of the subscribers, will please to name their own choice on their respective Proxies, designating the office intended for each individual, by which I shall be governed, otherwise, when nothing is said to the contrary, I shall hold myself bound to vote for those already nominated, as the choice of the company.

JOHN THOMAS RICKETTS.

Turnpike Road.

The subscribers to the Turnpike Road are requested to pay up their subscriptions—This may prevent any objection to the votes at the election for Directors. The law required the money to be paid at the time of subscribing.

WILLIAM HARTSHORNE.
JOHN THOS. RICKETTS.
 September 14.

The subscribers authorized by the Will of the late George Carter, of Stafford County, will sell at Public Auction on the first Monday of December next, in the town of Leesburg, his

TRACT OF LAND,

Lying on both sides of Goose Creek, in this County, and running from thence to the said town; containing about five thousand acres, most of which has been laid off in lots, and since leased for lives or a term of years; from the peculiarly eligible situation of this land, and its great fitness for the improving state of agriculture that is taking place in this neighborhood, it is hoped that it will be an object worth the attention of those who wish to vest their money in landed property; one third of the purchase money will be required on the day of sale, the remaining two thirds to be paid by two annual installments; six per cents of the Stock of the U. States will be taken in payment for one half of the two delayed installments, at its current value, in the principal commercial towns, or bonds with good personal security and mortgages will be required to secure the payments.

Mr. John Mathias, living in Leesburg, and surveyor of this County, has a plat of the land and will survey or show any part of it to those who wish it, they paying his expenses for so doing.

LONDON CARRIER, Junr.

THOMAS L. LEE.

Loudoun County, August 20.

Fifteen Dollars Reward,

RAN AWAY from the Subscriber, living near Broad Run, in Loudoun County, Virginia, a black NEGRO MAN, named JERRY. He is about five feet, six or eight inches high, has a small face with thick, pouting lips, and a short mouth; one of his hands is a little deformed; he has an awkward walk, occasioned by a twist in one or both of his ankles. He had on when he went away, a long brown broadcloth coat, very much worn and eszaburg trousers, but as he carried with him others, he may change his dress. Whoever will deliver the said Slave to me, at Broad Run, shall receive the above reward.

LUDWELL LEE.
 Sept. 15.

Just Received,
 and for sale at this Office,
Mr. BAYARD'S SPEECH
 on the Bill for repealing the late Judiciary Act.

BENNETT & WATTS,

Have received, & offer for sale by wholesale and retail, the following

Goods, viz:

White and brown Ticklenburgs,
 Hellins, Russia Diapers,
 Turkey red Cotton,
 Long and short German filled Hose & Gloves,
 A beautiful assortment of striped and plain
 colored French Lucetings, and Velvet Ribbons.

Bandanna Handkerchiefs, French Cambricks,
 and Gloves.

A few very handsome glazed Cambrick Mullins.

Military Spurs, of the Bonaparte fashion.

Soal Leather,

Twilled Sackings, &c. &c.

They expect their usual fall supply by the first arrivals.

Sept. 15.

CO2W

ADVERTISEMENT.

By virtue of a Deed of Trust from Isaac McPherson to the subscriber, will be exposed to sale upon the premises, on Monday the 20th day of September next, fair, if not, the next fair day:

Three several parcels of land, lying upon the south side of Occoquan, in the county of Prince William.—One of the said parcels has a front of 120 feet, and 130 feet deep; upon this there is erected a **BRICK MILL-HOUSE**, 65 feet long, 45 wide, four stories high, with two water wheels, four pair stones of seven feet diameter each, with all the machinery lately introduced into merchant mills, in complete order. This mill is situated upon a stream sufficient to work the four pair of stones and the machinery of the mill the year through; upon this ground is also erected a **Brick Dwelling House**, 36 feet by 24. Another of the said parcels of ground adjoining thereto has 80 feet front, and is of the same depth, upon which is erected a **Warehouse**.

A Tract of land, containing thirty-four acres, adjacent to the other two parcels.—5700 dollars of the purchase money must be paid in hand, a credit on any further sum the property may sell for will be given as can be agreed upon on the day of sale.

AMES KEITH.

July 28.

CO2F

REMOVAL.

JOHN BYRNE has removed to the corner of King and Royal Streets, opposite Mr. Mott's (commonly called Mc-Knight's) tavern, where he has for sale **CHOICE WINES, SPIRITUOUS LIQUORS and GROCERIES**, at moderate prices.

September 3.

CO2T

JUST RECEIVED,
AND FOR SALE,
Oranges, Cocoa-Nuts, Limes,
&c. &c.

Also,
 Best Durham Mustard,
 Excellent Jar Raisins,
 Havannah Segars by the Box,
 And a few Weavers' SLAYS of different Numbers.

JOSEPH DYSON.

September 3.

CO

To be Rented,

The House in which I now live, of which I have a lease for upwards of three years from this time; the situation is eligible and the House commodious. For terms apply to

J. B. NICKOLLS.

Fairfax Street, June 10.

CO

STOLEN

On the night of the 11th of August, from the Subscribers Waggon, on the Alexandria Road about five miles below Centerville a

BAY GELDING,

Five years old, near fifteen hands high, a small star in his forehead, and I believe is branded on the near shoulder, thus, I. L. shed all round, and lengthy made. Any person that will deliver said horse to Phineas Janney in Alexandria or to the subscriber near Winchester, Virginia, shall receive twenty dollars reward, with an addition of thirty dollars for the thief if delivered in Winchester jail.

JOSHUA LUPION.

September 13.

CO3T

Cash given for **FLAX-SEED**, by

BENJ. SHREEVE, Junr.

August 28.

CO

SUBSCRIPTIONS FOR

The Turnpike Road from Alexandria to Little River,

in Loudoun county, will be received by William Hartshorne for himself and John Thomas Ricketts, in Alexandria—Israel Lacy and Burr Powell in Loudoun; David Hunter and William Riddle in Berkley; Thomas Hammond and Matthew Frame in Jefferson; Bathrod Taylor and Wm. Davidson in Frederick; Samuel Crowdfon and William Stienberger in Shenandoah. This being a business in which the community may be greatly benefited, and as it has only this day come into my hands, I have undertaken to publish without consulting the other commissioners as they are all at a distance. The law is with me and I doubt not will be shown by the other commissioners, to any person applying. The law require ten dollars to be paid at the time of subscribing; the remaining sum of ninety dollars, on each share, is to be paid in dividends, as called for by the President and Directors, to be chosen by the stockholders.

Wm. HARTSHORNE.

April 20.

CO

Strayed or Stolen,

About 20 days ago, from Alexandria, A **BRIGHT BAY HORSE**, fifteen hands high, with three white feet and a few white hairs in his forehead.—Twenty Dollars will be given for the conviction of the Thief, or Ten Dollars for the restoration of the Horse.

Apply to the Printer.

September 10.

2W6T

Valuable Property for Sale,

At the little Falls of Potomack, About three miles from George-Town and the City of Washington, and ten from Alexandria.

172 acres of Land, upon which are a dwelling house and sundry other improvements, several stone quarries and fish ponds, and two vacant mill seats.

Two undivided third parts of 7 acres of Land, upon which are a merchant mill, with three pair of French burr mill stones and every necessary, complete, for manufacturing flour to the best advantage, and with as little manual labor as possible; a brewery and distillery, a granary, a miller's house, a brewer's house, cooper's shop, &c. and a vacant mill seat.

Two undivided third parts of 200 acres of land, adjoining the 7 acres and 172 acres above mentioned, upon which there are several stone quarries and fish ponds.

The purchaser of the above property, will have an assignment of a lease for the other undivided third part, of which there will be 6 years to come from the first day of September next.

The stone on the above lands is equal in goodness to any, and superior to most foundation stone on the river—vessels of any burthen that can go to George-Town, can go up to the mill and stone quarries.

Any person or persons, who may incline to purchase, will of course view the premises, therefore it is not thought necessary to be more particular.

For terms apply to Gen. Uriah Forrest, at George-Town, or to

PHILIP R. FENDALL,
 Alexandria.

June 29.

1A5V

TO BE RENTED,

FOR THE YEAR ENSUING,
 All the Property fronting on Water and Union Streets; including the Ware, House, Lumber Yard, and Wharf; the property of Joshua Gilpin and Thomas Gopin.—apply to

PHILIP WANTON.

The above property will be let separate or together, as may suit tenants.
 6th mo. 25.

12W

THE

Accommodation Coachee,

Will leave Mr. Gadby's City Tavern every morning, at half past four o'clock, for Baltimore, to accommodate our Alexandria friends: returning, leaves Mr. Evans's, Indian Queen, every morning at six o'clock, and arrives at Alexandria the same evening.

The Proprietors will not undertake to promise as much as the Mail Pilot, which runs but 50 miles per day, although it is said to Pilot the Mail, which runs from 30 to a 100 miles per day.

THE PROPRIETORS.

June 9.

d6T2aw

THE SUBSCRIBER,

Contemplating a removal from the District of Columbia, as soon as he can close his out standing concerns, OFFERS FOR SALE,

THE FOLLOWING

Very valuable Property.

One undivided half of a FARM adjoining the Great Falls of Potomac, on which is a good house, a new Barn, and some excellent Meadow.—Also, a FORGE, 50 by 60 feet, covered with tin, and a Coal and iron house, situated on the Canal made by the Potomac Company, and the right of cutting the wood for 900 years on a large parcel of land adjoining—much of this wood is convenient to the river, and may be readily transported to Georgetown, the Federal City, or this place. The other half may be purchased.

Three Eighths of about eleven hundred acres of LAND, in Berkley county, adjoining the lands of the United States, at Keep Fryce Furnace and Harper's Ferry—more than half of it is in wood, and the remainder good farming land. The other five-eighths may also be purchased.

An undivided moiety of 36 acres of LAND in the County of Alexandria And adjoining the town, chiefly under fence of cedar posts and chestnut rails.

A large and handsome Brick DWELLING HOUSE, 50 by 40 feet, with a brick Stable, Smoke House, and Well of excellent water.—The Garden and Yard paved in.—The House is not quite finished. It will be sold either in its present state, or finished as may suit the purchaser.

A number of LOTS on the new wharf, made by Mr. Herbert, Mr. Wilson, and the subscriber, between Fairfax street and the river Potomac; and, also, the division of the said wharf, made from Mr. Thompson's by a 20 feet street.

An undivided half of a LOT in the west side of Fairfax street, above Queen street, on which the house was burnt last winter. For particulars, respecting titles and terms, which will be liberal both as to price and credit, apply to

JOHN POTTS.

Alexandria, Oct. 17.

12W

R. T. HOOE, & Co.

Have on hand, and for sale,

Claret of a superior quality in boxes of 2 and 2 1/2 dozen,
 Porter and Brown Stout in casks,
 Black Paint ground in oil in kegs of 28 pounds each,
 Marble Slabs for hearths, of different sizes,
 An assortment of elegant Looking Glasses,
 Japanned Ware,
 Plated Table Furniture, consisting of Tea and Coffee Urns, Tea and Coffee Pots, Goblets, &c.

A large assortment of Earthen Ware in crates,

Grenada Rum in hhd's. Brown Sugar in hhd's. and bbl's.

Fine Salt in sacks,

An assortment of Hardware, consisting of Scales, Shovels, Hinges, Hand-Saws, &c. &c.

One hundred boxes Pipes.

July 31.

12W

District of Columbia, } June term 1802
 county of Alexandria, ss.

JAMES WILSON, plt.

against

JOHN EDWARDS,

BENJAMIN SHREVE

and

ABEL JANNEY, deffs.

The defendant, John Edwards not having entered his appearance and given security according to the Act of Assembly, and the rules of this Court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court, upon affidavit, that the said John Edwards is not an Inhabitant of this District, on motion of said complainant by his Counsel, it is ordered that the said defendant John Edwards do appear here on the first day of November Court next, (which commences on the fourth Monday in the month) and enter his appearance to the suit, and give security for performing the Decree of the Court, and that the other defendants Benjamin Shreve and Abel Janney do not pay away, convey or secure the debts by them owing to, or the estate or effects in their hands, belonging to the said absent defendant, John Edwards, until the further order or decree of this Court, and that a copy of this order be forthwith published for two months successively in one of the public newspapers published in this County, and that another copy be posted at the front door of the court house of the said county.

A copy

Test **G. DENEALE, Clk.**

Sept. 11.

1awam

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